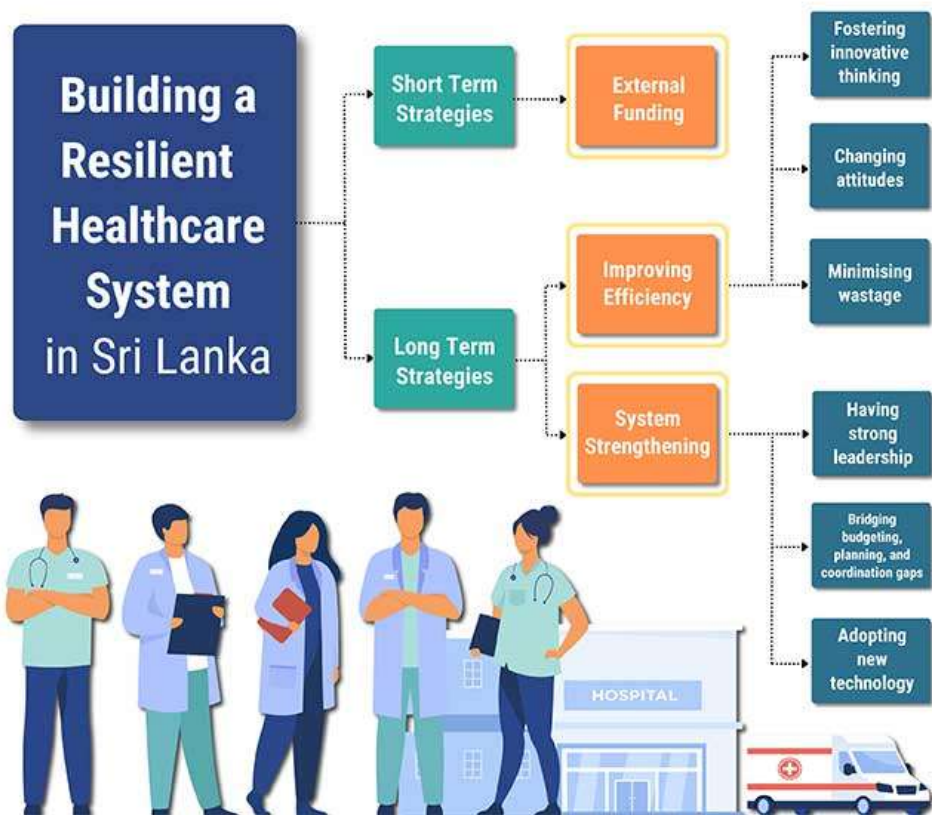




BUSINESS

# Battling Disease and Debt: Financing Non-Communicable Diseases amidst Sri Lanka's economic crisis

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f By Sunimalee Madurawala

“The shortage of medicines will significantly impact medications for non-communicable diseases (NCDs). If NCD patients don’t receive their regular medication, their condition will worsen,” stated a Provincial Director of Health Services speaking on the implications of the economic crisis on NCDs. Over the last few decades, NCDs have emerged as a critical health



challenge for Sri Lanka, placing a significant burden on the country's healthcare system. More than 80 % of the total deaths that occurred in the country are due to NCDs. NCDs accounted for 38% of the country's total health expenditure in 2019, amounting to USD 1,183 million. The economic impact is particularly challenging for households affected by chronic NCDs as they bear higher costs of medicines, pharmaceutical products, medical laboratory tests, and other ancillary services. With the current economic downturn, preventing and financing NCDs has become even more challenging for Sri Lanka.

An ongoing IPS study delves into the implications of the economic crisis on the country's health system, with a specific focus on NCD prevention and financing. The study conducted an extensive analysis by gathering perspectives from various stakeholders. This blog is based on the information collected from these stakeholders.

### **Economic Crisis and Sri Lanka's Health System**

The COVID-19 pandemic has already put Sri Lanka's health sector under intense pressure, and the ongoing economic crisis has added more stress to the sustainability of the country's healthcare system. An economic crisis can directly and indirectly impact a health system. For instance, during times of economic crisis, it's common for governments to reduce their social expenditures, and one area that could be affected is healthcare. This could result in cuts to health budgets. Furthermore, the demand for healthcare services will decrease, particularly in the private sector, where treatment costs could increase. Additionally, child and maternal nutrition and other health outcomes will deteriorate as with the increasing food prices, people opt to reduce food quantity and quality.



Once well-recognised for its strength and cost-effectiveness, Sri Lanka's health system is now challenged by knowledge, capacity, and policy gaps. The economic crisis would undoubtedly worsen these gaps, even to the point of the collapse of the health system. The adverse impacts of the economic crisis could hinder the laudable progress achieved by the country over the years, leading to an increase in NCDs, malnutrition among children, communicable diseases, and mental health issues.

### **Implications on NCDs**

The economic crisis in Sri Lanka has significant short-term and long-term implications for NCD prevention and financing. In the short term, the shortage of medical supplies has become the most pressing concern. Further, resource limitations have resulted in the delay or limitation of lab tests and surgeries, including non-essential and non-urgent surgeries at government hospitals. In addition, the fuel shortage which escalated last year has severely impacted preventive care services, curative care services, and administrative functions at all levels of the health sector, weakening the entire health delivery mechanism. Moreover, the government's decision to limit capital expenditure would have serious negative repercussions on maintaining the existing NCD service delivery and catering to the increasing demand for NCD preventive (e.g., awareness campaigns and screening programmes) and curative (e.g., construction of hospitals and clinics) measures in the future.

Participating in one of our interviews, an officer from a Provincial Health Ministry stated that, in the long term,” the prevalence of risk factors will undoubtedly increase eventually, and individuals who already suffer from NCDs may find it challenging to manage their conditions.” For example, the prevalence of unhealthy dietary patterns – one of the NCD behavioural risk factors – is likely to become more prevalent. Even before the economic crisis, Sri Lanka’s nutrition indicators stood at a lower level and there was limited progress towards achieving the diet-related non-NCD targets. The high food prices have compelled people to either reduce or avoid consuming healthy foods or opt for cheap, unhealthy foods. This would “lead to a decline in earning and learning capacities for the next generation resulting in generational effects”, feared a Provincial Health Ministry officer.

### **Becoming More Resilient and Facing the Challenges – the Way Forward**

Most stakeholders who participated in this study suggested that seeking external funding is the most suitable short-term strategy for Sri Lanka to finance NCDs to overcome the current crisis. “We (the country) should also aim to receive more foreign aid instead of loans, which requires close discussions with other countries and international organisations suggested a senior officer from the Ministry of Health.

While seeking external support as a short-term relief, it is crucial to focus on long-term strategies to improve the resilience of Sri Lanka’s healthcare system in handling future crises. Improving efficiency and strengthening the system are vital long-term strategies proposed by the stakeholders in building a more resilient healthcare system.

Minimising wastage, changing attitudes, and fostering innovative thinking should be the key pillars of increasing efficiency, as indicated by the stakeholders. Likewise, system strengthening requires strong leadership, the use of technology, and paying more attention to budgeting, planning, and coordination. Additionally, exploring alternative financing ventures, restructuring the health financing system, and focusing on smarter spending are necessary as providing citizens with free healthcare becomes increasingly challenging for the government in a limited fiscal space. Such measures would make the country’s healthcare system robust which can withstand both the short-term and long-term consequences of a crisis, assured the stakeholders who participated in this study.

Despite the severe impact of the current economic crisis on NCD prevention and financing efforts, it provides an opportunity to understand the gaps in the existing system and develop a more sustainable and resilient healthcare system to cater to the increasing demand for NCD prevention and financing.

- This study is carried out in collaboration with the Center for Policy Impact in Global Health (CPIGH) of Duke University with financial support from the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation.

Link to blog:

<https://www.ips.lk/talkingeconomics/2023/04/20/battling-disease-and-debt-financing-non-communicable-diseases-amidst-sri-lankas-economic-crisis/>

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# ILO ignites spirit of youth entrepreneurship across Sri Lanka

Published 10 hours ago on 2023/12/4

School Entrepreneurship Day was recently conducted across Sri Lanka with over 2000 school students from the nine provinces participating at the event organised by The Ceylon Chamber of Commerce, in collaboration with the International Labour Organization, endorsed by the Ministry of Education.

Speaking at the event in Colombo, Minister of Education Dr. Susil Premajayantha, stated 'Today, in Sri Lanka, we commemorate Entrepreneurship Day, a momentous occasion. I extend my gratitude to the Ceylon Chamber, the ILO and all other partners and sponsors for their instrumental roles in facilitating this event. The significance of entrepreneurship has garnered substantial attention in contemporary discussions. It's imperative that we prioritize fostering

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## **IASL focuses on 'Life Insurance in Recovering Economy'**

*Panel Discussion (from left): R Rajnikanth, Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer – Life Insurance Corporation (Lanka) Ltd, Thushara Ranasinghe, Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer - Ceylinco Life Insurance Limited, Moderator - Dr. Nishan de Mel, Executive Director - Verité Research, Chandana L Aluthgama, Chief Executive Officer – Sri Lanka Insurance Corporation, Lasitha Wimalaratne, Chief Executive Officer - HNB Assurance PLC, Iftikar Ahamed, Managing Director - Softlogic Life PLC*

The Marketing and Sales Forum (MSF) of the Insurance Association of Sri Lanka (IASL) hosted the 14th National Forum for Life Insurance Advisors (NAFLIA) Conference on 27th November 2023, at the Monarch Imperial, Sri Jayawardenepura Kotte. The theme of this year's NAFLIA conference was 'Life Insurance in a Recovering Economy – Focus on Fortitude'.

NAFLIA attracts leading Sales and Marketing professionals and Life Insurance advisors from the Life Insurance industry. Chief Guest Zarook, Chairman and Guest of Honour Damayanthi Fernando, Director General and other officials of the Insurance Regulatory Commission of Sri Lanka (IRCSL), Udeni Kiridena, Chief Executive Officer of Sri Lanka Insurance institute (SLII), Charith Mahendraraja, President of Sri Lanka Insurance Broker Association (SLIBA) and CEO of

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**BUSINESS**

# IDB's Gold award in medium category clinched by Three Sinha Group

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*Managing Director of Three Sinha Group of Companies Manjula Ariyakumara accepts the award*

Three Sinha Group of Companies was awarded the Gold Award under the Medium Category at the National Industrial Excellence Awards – 2023 organized by the Industrial Development Board (IDB). The Award Ceremony was recently held at the Nelum Pokuna Mahinda Rajapaksa Theatre in Colombo under the patronage of President Ranil Wickremesinghe, and the Company's Managing Director Manjula Ariyakumara accepted the Award.

Established as a small-scale business venture, Three Sinha Group of Companies has now grown as a leader in the highly competitive Construction Industry through utmost dedication and hard work. The Company has been consistently recognized with numerous local and International Awards, including Gold and Silver Awards at the Golden National Chamber of

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